

# THE CHARITON COURIER

C. P. VANDIVER, Ed. and Prop.

KEYTESVILLE, - MISSOURI.

## TIME TABLE



Keytesville as follows:

### GOING EAST.

No 12 St. Louis Mail and Ex.	11 13 a.m.
No 6 Chicago Express	9 45 p.m.
No 22 Liberty Ac. Freight	4 35 p.m.
No 23 Ac. Freight	4 05 p.m.
No 5 Omaha Express	1 45 a.m.

### GOING WEST.

No 1 Kansas City Express	5 43 a.m.
No 11 K.C. Mail and Express	8 25 p.m.
No 21 Accommodation Freight	10 50 a.m.
No 7 Omaha Express	2 11 a.m.

Daily, except Sunday.  
Nos. 1 and 6 have Pullman Chair Cars (smoke free) and new Buffet Sleeping Cars to Kansas City and Chicago without change.  
No. 8 will stop at Keytesville for passengers from Chillicothe, or points north of Chillicothe.  
For Rates, Tickets, Time Tables, etc., apply to  
W. H. CARSON,  
Agt., Keytesville, Mo.  
ORAS. M. HAYS,  
Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Pass. & Tick. Ugt.

## GENERAL DIRECTORY.

### COUNTY OFFICERS.

Representative	Milton R. Williams
Prosecuting Attorney	Joe C. Waller
Judge County Court	(J. B. Hyde, President)
	(C. E. Allen, W. Diet)
	(Jno. Nickerson, E. "
Clark County Court	R. D. Edwards
Judge of Probate	H. C. Miller
Probate Clerk	Thos. E. Mackay
Sheriff	J. E. Dempsey
Treasurer	A. L. Welch
Public Administrator	B. F. Moore
County Surveyor	Sam'l Carter
Coroner	Dr. J. F. Grinstead
County School Commissioner	J. P. Coleman
Circuit Clerk	H. B. Richardson
Recorder	B. H. Smith

### RELIGIOUS.

METHODIST CHURCH (South)—Rev. J. B. Rice, pastor. Services third Sabbath, morning and evening, and fourth Sunday night of each month. Sabbath-school every Sabbath morning at 9 o'clock. Prayer meetings Wednesday evenings.  
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. J. S. Squire, pastor. Preaching second Sunday in each month, morning and evening.  
FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. E. C. Barton, pastor. Preaching on the first Sunday in each month, morning and evening.

### BENEVOLENT & LITERARY.

KEYTESVILLE LIBRARY—Mrs. John C. Miller. Library open every Friday afternoon from 3 to 5.  
WARREN LODGE, No. 74. A. F. and A. M.—M. W. Anderson, Master; L. D. Applegate, Secretary. Regular meetings Saturday evening preceding full moon.  
CHARITON LODGE, No. 177. A. O. U. W. J. C. Wallace, M. W.; R. H. T. Recorder. Regular meetings 2nd and 4th Tuesday evenings at 7 o'clock.  
CHARITON CO. MEDICAL SOCIETY—Meets the fourth Thursday in each month at Salisbury.  
SELECT KNIGHTS, A. O. U. W.—Meets on 4th Friday evenings in each month. J. J. Moore, R. C.; R. H. Tisdale, R.  
LAUREL LODGE, No. 245. Knights Pythias—A. Collet, Chancellor; Commander, E. C. Miller. Keeper of Records and Seal. Regular meetings every Friday evening.  
KEYTESVILLE LODGE, No. 471. I. O. O. F.—W. D. Vaughan, Noble Grand; J. A. Collet, Vice-Grand; O. B. Anderson, Secretary. Regular meetings every Monday evening.

### W. H. BRADLEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
and Notary Public.

SALISBURY, MISSOURI.  
Office on Broadway over People's Bank.

### A. W. JOHNSON,

Attorney at Law & Notary Public,  
SALISBURY, MO.

Will practice in all the State Courts.

THOS. E. MACKAY,  
Notary Public.

Collections Promptly Attended to.  
Office with the Probate Judge.

### J. A. COLLET

Att'y-at-Law and Notary Public,  
Collections a Specialty.

Office with Crawley & Son, opposite the Court-House.

### ED. T. MILLER,

Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public  
KEYTESVILLE, MO.

Office with W. W. Becker in rear of Farmers' Bank.  
Collections promptly attended to.

Nice, fresh groceries are always desirable. Agree Bros. keep them.

### Oddities of Taxation.

In the time of Queen Anne soap was taxed £28 per ton.

In parts of Peru taxes are paid in cocoa leaves and Peruvian bark.

Male servants are taxed in Great Britain and several other countries.

The French people pay over \$10,000,000 a year taxes on their windows.

Until about forty years ago the Persian government levied a tax on cats.

In the early days of the Virginia and Carolina colonies taxes were paid in tobacco.

During the fourteenth century in Italy a tax was levied on every one who wore shoes.

The tobacco tax in Spain brings as much revenue as the tax on land; each is about \$30,000,000.

In Ceylon the government dues are often settled by the payment of cinnamon, cloves and allspice.

In Siam until a few years ago a heavy tax was imposed on umbrellas. Every umbrella-carrier had to pay.

Peter the great levied a heavy tax on beards, not for the purpose of revenue, but to compel his people to shave.

In most parts of Syria, Palestine and Arabia fig trees and date palms are counted, and a tax is levied on each tree.

Instances were known in the early history of several of the western states of taxes being paid in coonskins and beaver pelts.

In several districts of Kurdistan the wealth of the individual property-owner is estimated in goats, and he is taxed so much per goat.

The Chinese government levies a regular tax on beggars, and gives them, in return, the privilege of begging in a certain district.

Queen Anne invented a tax on advertisements. Each paid three shillings and six pence to the government. It was abolished in 1853.

There is a tax on gravestones in England, and the man who wishes to inclose a grave by means of a fence or wall is compelled to pay dearly for the privilege.

A tax on canes was once levied in Marseilles, France. The excuse for it was found in the statement that the canes were out of the pavement. The tax was applied to cleaning the streets.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75c. Sold by J. A. Egan, druggist, Keytesville.

"I cannot imagine any more unfair or meaner thing than for a man to get his sins pardoned at the last minute, and then go to heaven and live in a mansion, and go riding about in a golden chariot over the golden streets while his wife and children, whom he might have provided for, are begging for cold victuals at the basement door of an earthly city. It seems to me that there ought to be a poor house somewhere in the outskirts of heaven where those guilty of such improvidence should be kept for awhile on thin soup and gristle, instead of sitting down at the King's banquet. It is said that the church is a divine institution, and I believe it. Just as certainly are the saving banks, and the life insurance companies divine institutions.—Rev. T. De Witt Talmage.

A. M. Bailey, a well known citizen of Eugene, Oregon, says his wife has for years been troubled with chronic diarrhoea and used many remedies with little relief until she tried Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy, which has cured her sound and well. Give it a trial and you will be surprised at the prompt relief it affords. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by W. C. Gaston.

Don't forget that Rosenstein, of Brunswick, has the largest line of carpets in Chariton county.

### A Good Enterprise.

Pike County Post.

The county court, of Lincoln county, last week appointed commissioners to estimate the cost of a levy along the Mississippi from the lower Pike bottoms to the lower end of King's lake, in Lincoln county, which will afford protection to about 22,000 acres of fine farming land. The commissioners are W. S. Seaman and W. H. Baskett, of Lincoln, and Frank L. Wilson of Pike. Three better men could not have been found anywhere, and it is safe to predict that their report to the court will be sensible and practical. This is an enterprise of great importance to many farmers in the two counties, as such a levy will add greatly to the producing capacity of the lands and therefore to the taxable wealth of both counties.

### A Busy Editor Officiates.

A Georgia editor who is also a real estate agent, an attorney-at-law, clerk of the town council and pastor of the village church, was recently called upon to perform a marriage ceremony. He was in a hurry; in fact the couple surprised him in the middle of a heavy editorial on the tariff.

"Time is money," said he without looking up from his work. "Do you want her?"

The man said yes.  
"And do you want him?"  
The girl stammered an affirmative.

"Man and wife," cried the editor.  
"One dollar. Bring me a load of wood for it—one third pine, balance oak."

No young man can make a success in life unless he works, is a sensible little item that appeared in the Roodhouse Eye. He cannot loaf around street corners and saloons. He must learn a trade or do some honest work, or before he is aware he will become a chronic loafer, despised by all whom he comes in contact with. Do something, no matter how small, and you will eventually find yourself climbing the ladder of success. There are many obstacles to be overcome, but toll, grit and endurance will help you.

An exchange hits the nail on the head in the following: "We were a little surprised a few days ago to find \$50 in the road beside a hedge at the corner of a prominent farmer's home, and more so to find that it had lain there several months unmolested and was beginning to look the worst for exposure. The money was in the shape of a mowing machine that will have to be replaced with a new one before many years unless cared for better than that."

Colonel Ingersoll once called upon the Rev. Phillips Brooks, and the great preacher received him at once, although he had declined to see many distinguished preachers. "Why have you shown me this marked distinction?" inquires the Colonel. "The reason is simple," replied Dr. Brooks; "if those preachers die I'll be sure to meet them in heaven; whereas, had you gone away and died I should never have met you again. I thought I had better take no chances."

The following problem has been puzzling the teachers attending the institutes of some counties in this state, and we publish it for the benefit of the teachers now assembled here: "A water trough is twice as long as it is deep and twice as deep as it is wide and holds 4,096 cubic yards. What are the dimensions, and how many barrels of water of fifty gallons each will it hold?"—Pulman Democrat.

### Theology of Loaded Guns.

From the Schell City News.

Years ago an old hard-shell preacher, who lived on the border in the days when the Indians were at war with the whites, was making preparations one morning to go to his church, miles away, through a country infested with savages. He was carefully loading his old flint-lock rifle to take along, when a friend present remarked: "What are you going to take that gun along for, old man? Don't you know that if it is foreordained for the Indians to kill you that the gun won't save you?" "That's very true," said the old man, as he deliberately rammed the ball home, "but suppose it is foreordained that the Indians shall be killed? How would the good Lord carry out his purpose if I didn't have my gun along?" That was a clincher, and closed the debate then and there.

An "old-timer" writes the Sedalia Democrat that he recollects when times were much harder than at present. He refers to 1857-58, when wheat sold for 25 cents a bushel, hogs were worth \$1 a hundred lbs on foot, sheep brought 60 cents a head; the best horses were a dull sale at \$35 a head, and a man considered himself lucky to get \$10 for a mule colt. But, "old-timer," men in those days lived economically and put their shoulders to the load and moved the wheel themselves. The first remedy then was to get out of debt and for every man to make himself self-supporting. This was done, and in a few years the country prospered. The writer makes the same sensible suggestion as a remedy for the present hard times.

### Cure for Consumption.

As a remedy for all forms of headache electric bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In case of habitual constipation electric bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and a few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at W. C. Gaston's drug store.

Hard times effect all classes of business, but none suffers more than the newspaper business. The merchant can turn off his clerks, reduce his stock, quit buying goods, etc., but the publisher is expected to get out as large a paper as usual, pay his bills right along whether any body advertises or pays his subscription or not. When people are only buying such as they absolutely need to live, remember that if you have a dollar or two in your pocket belonging to some publisher whose paper you have been reading at his expense, he too, may need a little bacon grease to keep the press running.—Hamilton News-Graphic.

ENGLISH SPAIN Liniment remove all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins, curbs, splints, swellings, ring bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by J. A. Egan, druggist.

THE Big Four depot, at Cincinnati, and surrounding buildings were destroyed by fire on the 21st inst. The loss is estimated from \$300,000 to \$500,000. Two negroes have been arrested charged with setting fire to the building, but the explosion of a gasoline stove, it is thought, might have had something to do with the fire.

### J. A. HOOPER.

LIVERY & FEED STABLE  
TRIPLITT, - MO.

First-class rigs and saddle horses on hand at all times. Calls answered day and night.

### MONASTIC LIFE.

Some of the Advantages It Afforded in the Dark Ages.

To the lover of ancient learning and the classical spirit, who looks forward from the fast-fading twilight of the fifth or backward from the dawning sunrise of the fifteenth century, there seems at the first glance to lie between these two epochs a period of perfectly impenetrable blackness. Like most dark places, however, this murky millennium proves to him who has once had the courage to plunge in and explore it less blind and impassable than it looked from without. To the eye that steadily confronts them the shadows lighten; a glimmering pathway is first discerned, then landmarks, and finally footprints of more than one traveler. The life of the race is after all continuous. The customs and institutions which served mankind under one order of things are found reparable after seeming ruin, and capable of being adapted, with certain modifications, to wholly new conditions of existence. Take the case of life in a medieval abbey and its dependencies. It was Chateaubriand, perhaps, who first suggested the notion that it was, at least on its material side, only a natural development or adaptation of life within the precincts of a great Roman villa. The abbot corresponded to the proprietor. The monks were like the freedmen of the great patrician, who cultivated letters, arts and sciences under the shelter of the villa proper. In both cases the property comprised a more or less extensive area of fertile territory, the inhabitants of whose farms and villages were, to all intents and purposes, attached to the glebe, lived by supplying the central establishment with the fruits of their industry, and expected protection from it in times of common peril.

The great Roman overlord had indeed, in most cases, other and richer sources of revenue than the labor of these humble tenants, and so had the medieval abbot in the voluntary offerings of pious pilgrims to whatever saintly shrine or shrines might lie within his jurisdiction. The Benedictine abbey of St. Riquier, near Abbeville, for example, possessed and governed, at its most flourishing period, fourteen towns, thirty villages, and an "infinite number" of farms, while the offerings at the tomb of the holy Richarius amounted to about four hundred thousand dollars yearly.

This was in Gaul under the Merovingian kings. A hundred years later, under Charlemagne, certain of the more famous and venerable abbots, like those of St. Martin at Tours and St. Hilary at Poitiers, had considerably declined in wealth and importance; but the monastic establishments of the kingdom, taken collectively, were at the height of their dignity and influence. The great abbots occupied a singularly independent position. They were bound by the terms of their tenure of landed property to give a certain material support to their temporal masters; but they stoutly resisted any assumption of authority by the local bishops, against whose claims they were beginning to appeal to the high and general court of Christendom at Rome. At that time and for many succeeding years a monastic life opened one of the shortest roads to court favor, such as it then was, and afforded absolutely the only chance for the cultivation of letters under conditions of peace and comparative refinement.—Atlantic.

### How's This?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's catarrh cure.

F. J. CHENNY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. West & Truax, wholesale Druggist, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.  
While in Chicago, Mr. Charles L. Kahler, a prominent shoe merchant, of Des Moines, Iowa, has a quite a serious time of it. He took such a severe cold that he could hardly talk or navigate, but the prompt use of Chamberlain's cough remedy cured him of his cold so quickly that others at the hotel who had bad colds followed his example and half a dozen persons ordered it from the nearest drug store. They were profuse in their thanks to Mr. Kahler for telling them how to cure a bad cold so quickly. For sale by W. C. Gaston.

Irving W. Larimore, physical director of Y. M. C. A., Des Moines, Iowa, says he can conscientiously recommend Chamberlain's pain balm to athletes, gymnasts, bicyclists, foot ball players and the profession in general for bruises, sprains and dislocations; also for soreness and stiffness of the muscles. When applied before the parts become swollen it will effect a cure in one half the time usually required. For sale by W. C. Gaston.

DAVE HAMILTON, of Sarcoxie was struck by lightning and instantly killed one day last week. The same bolt so paralyzed Ras Motley that it isn't thought he can live. Both were boys about 15 years old.

## DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,

SPECIALISTS.  
(Regular Graduates.)

Are the leading and most successful specialists and will give you help.



Young and middle-aged men. Remarkable results have followed our treatment. Many years of experience in the use of curative methods that we alone own and control for all disorders of men who have weak, undeveloped, or diseased organs, or who are suffering from errors of youth and excess or who are nervous and impatient. A course of treatment of their fellows and the contempt of their friends, leads us to guarantee to all patients, if they accept our exclusive treatment, that we will cure them.

YOMEN! Don't you want to get cured of that weakness with a treatment that you can use at home without instrumental? Our wonderful treatment has cured others. Why not you? Try it.

JAUNDICE, and diseases of the Skin, Blood, Head, Liver and Kidneys.

SKIN DISEASES of all kinds cured where many others have failed.

UNNATURAL DISCHARGES promptly cured in a few days. Quick, sure and safe. This is the Great Secret.

TRUTH AND FACTS.

We have succeeded in curing thousands that have failed to get cured of the same or other special diseases by medical treatment.

Address or call on  
DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,  
N. E. Corner Sixth and Fifth Sts., Kansas City,  
(Up Stairs.) 97. JOSEPH, MO.

## CAMPAIGN RATE REDUCED!

The  
Kansas City  
Times

EVERY DAY  
TILL  
JANUARY 1.

\$2.00

The  
Twice-a-Week  
Times

TILL  
JANUARY 1.

30 - CTS.

In order that no one may have an excuse for not being posted on the developments of the political campaign of 1894, The Times has made these rates, which scarcely cover the cost of publication. Its news facilities are unsurpassed, and it handles political news fully and fairly.

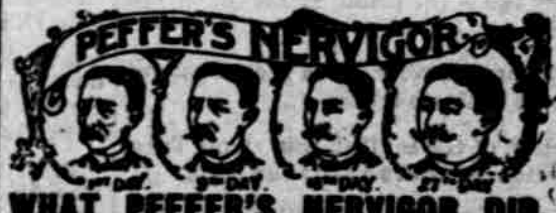
Subscribe Now.

Address

THE TIMES,  
Kansas City, Mo.

Sample Copies Sent Free.

Rosenstein, of Brunswick, has nicer goods in his lines than can be found anywhere between St. Louis and Kansas City.



WHAT PEPPER'S NERVIGOR DID.  
It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood. Men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely guaranteed to cure Nervousness, Loss of Vitality, Impotency, Stuttering, Stomach Disorders, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Debility, and effects of all other causes of debility. Wards off insanity and consumption. Does not drive from the system a useless substitute as the cheap "Nervine" does. Based on the best of science. PEPPER'S NERVIGOR, send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Sold by all druggists. \$1 per box, or 5 for \$4, with A. Positive written guarantee to cure or Refund the money. Pamphlet free. Sold by W. C. Gaston, PEPPER MEDICAL ASSN., Chicago, Ill.  
Sold by J. A. Egan.